## Antitrust Analysis of Multisided Platforms: Comments from the perspective of Japan

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### JFTC Cases on Platform and INE

#### Merger Cases

#### - KADOKAWA and DWANGO (2014)

- Publishing contents and IT portal (nico nico) businesses
- Pay site was defined as the market.
- Explicit accounts of roles of the platform and indirect network effects (INE); and associated concerns on input and customer foreclosures.

#### - YAHOO JAPAN and IKYU (2015)

- IT portal and on-line booking businesses
- Online reservation services on travels / restaurants; meta-search services
- A caveat was made on the role of big data on consumers purchasing behavior.

### High technology markets

- Technological developments in e-commerce, big data, computers, and pricing algorithms, have changed the way we shop, and freed us from local retailers.
  - Increased flow of information
  - Lower search costs to facilitate matching
  - Induced more dynamic and allocative efficiencies.
- The advent of smartphones, tablets, and computers in principle promises better competitive environments, supporting our informed and educated choices.

## Big Data, AI, and IoT

- With drawbacks of online business disappearing, big data and AI (algorithms) play an increasingly essential role in both online and offline businesses.
  - Companies are now using sophisticated algorithms to engage in mining and trading data, recognize behavioral patterns. They may eventually optimize prices for personalized services.
  - Consumers enjoy free online services, most of whom without noticing what value of data they are offering, who use them, and how.

# Big Data, AI, and IoT ... and competition policy

- Invisible hand of competition between AIs
  - Hopefully leading to perfect competition
  - Under more of personalized promotion and services, however, a question may arise as to how consumers make informed comparison and educated choice.
- Platforms help level the playing field and intensify competitive pressure. It could however engender INE and associated market power.
  - E.g., use of MFN and the agency model

## Challenges to the Competition Agency

- It is increasing difficult to understand whether a conduct at issue is anticompetitive in a data-driven economy.
  - With the conventional enforcement toolbox at hand, the agency has to make judgment under uncertainty.
- It is also important to account for the dynamics that shape how data-driven economy evolve.
  - INE and market forces could lead to market tipping and permanent market power.
- The agency should be better equipped and informed to protect competition for the benefit of consumers in the age of virtual competition.
  - JFTC-METI joint investigation to online businesses.
  - Need for more in-depth inquiry at a focused sector to learn what is really happening.

# Thank you

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