Standard Format: Report for Policy Evaluation - Management by Objective (MBO) (The Japan Fair Trade Commission 23-(3))

						(Ine	Japan Fair Trade Commission 23-(3))	
Name of Activity	Measures against violations of the Subcontract Act, etc.							
	Promoting appropriate trade practices							
Outline of Activity	Ensuring the dissemination and promotion of various guidelines (those related to promoting appropriate trade practices) on the Antimonopoly Act, responding to requests for counsel from enterprises and trade associations (hereinafter referred to as "enterprises, etc.") about the specific details of business activities to be conducted in the future, and identifying problems. Furthermore, conducting fact-finding surveys on actual trade from the viewpoint of competition policies, pointing out trade practices that may pose problems under the Antimonopoly Act and requesting improvements, as well as making the results of the surveys public.							
Goal	accessible to combinations	the general public, const and the abuse of superi	ultation on the or bargaining p	Antimonopoly ositions; herei	Act requests f	rom enterprises to as "requests	gh guidelines that are made more , etc. (excluding counsel on business for counsel from enterprises, etc.") (10 or ng surveys on actual trade (two or more	
Budget-Related Activity	Break	Breakdown of Budget		FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	Requested amount for FY2012	
	Amount	Budget Supplemented (a)	18,609	16,818	13,121	8,467	7,931	
	Allocated (thousand	Budget Carried (b)	0	0	0	0	0	
	yen)							
	yen)	Total (a + b)	18,609	16,818	13,121	8,467	7,931	
		Total (a + b) ount (thousand yen) (c)	18,609 13,605	16,818 14,163	13,121 12,461	8,467	7,931	
Important Cabinet Policy	Executed am	× ,	13,605		12,461	8,467	7,931 Relevant part (excerpt)	
Important Cabinet Policy Related to the Activity	Executed am	ount (thousand yen) (c)	13,605	14,163	12,461	8,467		
	Executed am	ount (thousand yen) (c)	13,605	14,163	12,461	8,467		

		Actual Results					
	Number of explanatory meetings regarding the Guidelines Concerning Unjust Low Price Sales	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
	Concerning Onjust Low Thee Sales	-	-	-	21	8	
	Number of nonticipants in angle store mostings around in the	Actual Results					
	Number of participants in explanatory meetings regarding the Guidelines Concerning Unjust Low Price Sales	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
	Suidennes Concerning Onjust Low Thee Suids	-	-	-	Approx. 490	Approx. 410	
		Actual Results					
	Number of requests for counsel from enterprises, etc.	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
		1,848	1,780	1,920	1,703	1,700	
		Actual Results					
	Number of published case examples of consultation	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
		16	7	13	9	12	
Evaluation Index	Target Figures for Each Year	-	-	-	-	10	
Evaluation mucx	Number of accesses to the collections of case examples of	Actual Results					
	consultation posted on the JFTC website	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
	consultation posted on the state website	-	-	-	-	39,512	
		Actual Results					
	Number of published cases of fact-finding surveys on actual trade	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
		3	1	2	1	1	
	Target Figures for Each Year	-	-	-	-	2	
		Actual Results					
	Average period of fact-finding surveys on actual trade (months)	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
		9	6	11	4	5	
		Actual Results					
	Average number of personnel required for fact-finding surveys on actual trade (persons)	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
	on actual state (persons)	3.2	4	4	5	4	

	Status of Achievements	major cases w Regarding th made public, plan to make information for required for the	With respect to the publication of case examples of consultation, the target was achieved, as 12 major cases were made public. Regarding the number of published cases of fact-finding surveys on actual trade, only one was made public, failing to achieve the target. This was because another fact-finding survey (without any plan to make the results of the survey public) was conducted primarily for the purpose of collecting information for the execution of the work of the JFTC, and because a certain amount of time was required for the selection of the industry segment and area to be the subject of the fact-finding survey on actual trade.					
Results of Evaluations of Activity	Directions for Future Activity	If an overall evaluation is to be made, dissemination and promotion of various guests for counsel from enterprises, etc. and the implementation and publications surveys on actual trade can be evaluated as being necessary and effective for prevent the Antimonopoly Act and advancing proper trade practices, and for maintaining a free competition. However, there are areas for improvement concerning their mething lementation. Not only newly prepared guidelines but also existing guidelines should be dissent promoted by such means as holding explanatory meetings in response to requests etc. Regarding responses to requests for counsel, the JFTC will seek to achieve great regarding collections of case examples of consultation by introducing them as refere to individual enterprises, etc. who request counsel. Efforts to improve the usability of case examples of consultation posted on the JFTC website will also be made by to actually locate the collections on the website. With respect to fact-finding surveys on actual trade, the selection of the industry to be the subjects of surveys must be made in an appropriate and prompt manner be range of gathered information, taking into consideration such factors as high social relatively greater necessity for the improvement of trade practices. Furthermore, it follow-up efforts, targets should be selected in order of highest priority. It is also no better implementation methods by taking into consideration the details of the matt pointed out in the survey as being problematic, the balance between costs and ben number of personnel, budget, etc. Moreover, it is necessary to conduct efficient, e dissemination activities to enhance the effectiveness of improved trade practices, or include holding explanatory meetings arranged through the trade associations con industry segments that are the subjects of surveys and proactive information provi			 publication of fact-finding for preventing violations of ntaining and promoting fair, their methods of be disseminated and requests from enterprises, teve greater recognition em as reference information e usability of the collections e made by reviewing where e industry segments and areas manner based on a wide high social needs and ermore, in undertaking It is also necessary to devise f the matters that were s and benefits, the limited fficient, effective ractices, etc. Such activities tions concerned in the 			
Use of Expert Knowledge	 As a result of the implementation the industry have been improved to (We revised the details based on th - With respect to the responses to r added to the report. (Mr. Tanabe) (We revised the details based on th 	o some extent. The above opinion requests for country	his fact should be added to the .) sel from enterprises, etc., the	e report. (Mr. Tanaka)	-			
Materials and Other Information Used in the Policy Evaluation Process								
Responsible Department	Trade Practices Division, Trade Practices Department Trade Practices Research Office, Trade Practices Department Consultation and	onsible Person	Mr. Hiroshi Yamada, Director of the Trade Practices Division Mr. Masami Uchino, Manager of the Trade Practices Research Office Mr. Koichi Nishikawa, Managar of the	Year/Month for Policy Evaluation	April - July, 2011			

Manager of the

Consultation and Guidance

Office

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Practices Department