

The JFTC Reviewed the Proposed Acquisition of Shares of Tokyo Kohtetsu Co., Ltd. by Osaka Steel Co., Ltd.

(Tentative Translation)

January 28th, 2016
Japan Fair Trade Commission

Receiving notification regarding the proposed acquisition of shares of Tokyo Kohtetsu co., ltd. (JCN1010001034144) (hereinafter referred to as “Tokyo Kohtetsu”) by Osaka Steel Co., Ltd. (JCN1120001028390) (hereinafter referred to as “Osaka Steel”) (hereinafter referred to as “the Acquisition”), the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC) reviewed the Acquisition and reached the conclusion that competition in any particular fields of trade is unlikely to be substantially restrained. Accordingly, the JFTC has notified Osaka Steel that it will not issue a cease and desist order, resulting in the completion of its review.

(※) JCN : Japan Corporate Number

I. Overview of the transaction

Osaka Steel plans to acquire the shares of Tokyo Kohtetsu and thereby to obtain more than 50 percent of Tokyo Kohtetsu’s voting rights.

II. Reviewing Process

Receipt of the notification regarding the Acquisition on August 18th, 2015 (the start of the primary review)

Request for reports, etc. by the JFTC on September 18th, 2015 (the start of the secondary review)

Receipt of all requested reports, etc. on November 10th, 2015 (the due date for a prior notice was set on February 9th, 2016)

Clearance notification on January 28th, 2015

III. Conclusion

As a result of its review, the JFTC concludes that the Acquisition would not substantially restrain competition in the particular fields of trade.

(Footnote)

The JFTC has been authorized to conduct reviews on whether business combination plans may be substantially to restrain competition in particular fields of trade by following procedures prescribed in the Antimonopoly Act (hereinafter referred to as the “AMA”). When a notifying corporation submits a notification form

to the JFTC and the JFTC receives it, the notifying corporation is prohibited from effecting the planned business combination in question by the expiration of the 30-day waiting period from the date of receipt of the said notification. During the waiting period, concerning the business combination in question, the JFTC will either; (1) judge that the said business combination is not problematic in light of the AMA, or; (2) judge that more detailed review is necessary and request submission of the necessary reports, information or materials.

In the case of (1) above, to improve transparency of the review of business combination, the JFTC shall give notification to the effect that it will not issue a cease and desist order.

In the case of (2) above, the period when the JFTC may give notice prior to cease and desist order shall be extended until 120 days after the date of receipt of the notification or 90 days after the date of receipt of all reports etc., whichever is later. In case the JFTC judges, within this extended period, that the business combination plan in question is not problematic in light of the AMA, it shall give notification to the effect that it will not issue a cease and desist order, same as the case of (1).