## Prospective Amendments to AMA

- 1. Review of measures against infringements of the AMA
- (1) Introduction of surcharge imposed against exclusion of new entry, conducts which adversely affect fair competition, etc.

Introduction of surcharge imposed on those entrepreneurs that engage in:

- exclusionary type of private monopolization,
- particular types of misleading representations and abuses of superior bargaining position among types of conducts categorised as unfair trade practices.
- (2) Review of measures against cartels, bid-riggings, etc.
  - Extension of the statute of limitations for administrative order from current three-year to five-year (maximum period between termination date of infringement and issuance of such order).
  - No changes of the current surcharge rate (10% in principle), surcharge calculation period (up to three years), and adjustment provisions on the amounts of surcharge and criminal penalty.
- (3) Consideration on additional mitigating or aggravating factors in calculating surcharge amount
  - Increase of surcharge rates imposed on entrepreneurs that have played a leading role in concerned cartels, bid-riggings, etc.
  - Review leniency program on surcharges to extend the framework in which, regarding cartels or bid-riggings, the JFTC reduces surcharge rates to entrepreneurs that have provided with the JFTC facts other than those the JFTC has already found out.
- 2. Review of procedural provisions of the AMA
- (1) Warning

Stipulating provisions regarding the issuer of and requirements for warning, as well as the procedures including hearing of opinions.

- (2) Ensuring fairness and transparency of public hearing examination procedures Stating clearly:
  - legal professional shall be included in a panel of public hearing examiners,
  - the Commission shall make clear in its decision the reason why the Commission

- determines to issue a decision different from a draft decision presented by hearing examiners, when such a case happens,
- the Commission shall not designate as a hearing examiner an official who has conflict of interest with the person who has requested the hearing procedures on a specific case.
- 3. Strengthening of private enforcement system
- (1) Introduction of group lawsuit system
  - Establishing a system allowing specific consumer organizations to file injunction suits against misleading representations prohibited by the Act against Unjustifiable Premiums and Misleading Representations.
- (2) Special provisions concerning document production order in injunction suits
  - Introduction of special rules, similar to the ones in the Patent Act, etc., to allow litigants to be able to ask the court to issue document production order for a broader range of documents in private injunction suit over unfair trade practices than those in usual civil lawsuit cases.
- 4. Review of provisions concerning notification and report to the JFTC
- (1) Revisions of notification and reporting system stipulated in the Chapter 4 of the AMA
  - Introduction of pre-notification system to business combination conducted by acquiring shares, as other types of business combination including mergers.
  - Revisions of the current notification thresholds applied to foreign corporations in order to ensure that business combination including foreign corporations is notified in case it would affect the Japanese market.
  - Expanding the exemption of the notification requirement (currently, business combination between corporations in parent-subsidiary relation or in sibling relation is not required to be notified.).
- (2) Abolishment of the notification system concerning trade associations
  - Abolishing the notification requirement imposed on trade associations at the time when they have been established, dissolved, etc.
- 5. Other issues
- (1) Certain limitation on access to case records by interested persons
  - Limiting a scope of access to case records by interested persons (provided at Article 70-15 of the AMA), if there is a justifiable reason for such limitation.

- (2) Information exchange and sharing with foreign competition authorities
  - Introduction of a provision which stipulates certain conditions to be satisfied when the JFTC would exchange or share information with foreign competition authorities.
- (3) Review and clarification of how entrepreneurs affiliated with a violator shall be treated in a leniency application, cease-and-desist order and surcharge payment order
  - Review of the current provisions to deal with a case in which more than one companies, which are affiliated with each other and implicated in the same infringement, submit a leniency application as one group.
  - Review and clarification of the current provisions so that the JFTC can, when de-merger or business transfer has been conducted by a violator, issue cease-and-desist order and/or surcharge payment order to succeeding firms.